

Welcome to your CDP Water Security Questionnaire 2023

W0. Introduction

W0.1

(W0.1) Give a general description of and introduction to your organization.

Sealed Air Corporation now known as SEE is a leading global provider of packaging solutions integrating sustainable, high-performance materials, automation, equipment and services. SEE designs and delivers packaging solutions that preserve food, protect goods, automate packaging processes, and enable ecommerce and digital connectivity for packaged goods. Our packaging solutions are designed to help customers automate their operations to be increasingly touchless and more resilient, safer, less wasteful, and enhance brand engagement with consumers. At SEE, we are driven by our purpose to protect, to solve critical packaging challenges and to make the world better than we find it. We deliver our packaging solutions to an array of end markets including fresh proteins, foods, fluids and liquids, medical and life science, e-commerce retail, logistics and omnichannel fulfillment operations, and industrials. We serve customers across 120 countries/territories directly and through a diversified distribution network. We aim to deliver savings to our customers and accelerate payback on their investments. We invest in technology and innovation that we believe will transform our industry toward a more sustainable future.

General Description and Business Divisions

During 2022, we operated as two business segments, one focused on food packaging and the other on product protection packaging. Our portfolio of solutions includes leading brands such as CRYOVAC® brand food packaging, SEALED AIR® brand protective packaging, AUTOBAG® brand automated packaging, BUBBLE WRAP® brand packaging, SEE Automation™ solutions and prismatic™ digital packaging and printing solutions. Sustainability is embedded in our purpose and vision. We have set ambitious environmental goals aimed to lead the industry towards a better future. We are designing high-performance packaging materials with recyclability in mind, to make sustainability more affordable, and to create a pathway for a circular economy. We are transforming our operations and our customers' operations with SEE Touchless Automation™ which enhances sustainability by improving efficiency, eliminating waste, simplifying processes, and creating a safer working environment

Water and Water Risk

Our suppliers provide raw materials, packaging components, contract manufactured goods, equipment and other direct materials, such as inks, films and paper. Our principal raw materials are polyolefins and other petrochemical-based resins, as well as some paper and wood pulp products. We operate 98 facilities but only two process paper or fiber. These facilities along with the majority of our polymer and equipment focused sites are included in our recent evaluation of our facilities accounting for approximately 85% of our water use. Outside of our two fiber processing operations, we use water to fabricate equipment as well as to process plastic film and foam. Plastic and fiber based packaging include food solutions marketed under the Cryovac® trademark and product protection as Bubble Wrap® brand inflatable packaging, Sealed Air® brand performance shrink films, Autobag® brand bagging systems and Korrvu® suspension and retention packaging. Understanding our use of water and water security is part of our commitment to sustainability which has been and will continue to be one of our key strategies to our business success. Nearly everything we do for our customers has a sustainability value in the world, differentiates us from competitors and establishes our presence as a knowledge-based, solutions provider.

Corporate Water-Related Strategy

Risks and opportunities, including those related to climate change and water security, inform our business strategy including product innovation, acquisitions and partnerships throughout our supply chain. As a leader in the packaging industry, we are committed to delivering essential solutions that minimize food waste, maximize food safety and protect valuable goods shipped around the world, thus preventing greenhouse gas emissions and reducing water usage. Our 2025 sustainability objectives include significantly reducing our own footprint, re-imagining customer solutions and benefiting society. We are on target to reduce our water intensity 17% by 2025 and 28% by 2030. In 2018 SEE announced a Sustainability and Plastics Pledge to design or advance innovative packaging solutions to be recyclable or reusable by 2025. In 2022, we continued to take actions to achieve that pledge.

Changes in 2022

SEE did not make any acquisitions in 2022 that would have a material impact on our water inventory or demand.

W0.2

(W0.2) State the start and end date of the year for which you are reporting data.

	Start date	End date
Reporting year	January 1, 2022	December 31, 2022

W0.3

(W0.3) Select the countries/areas in which you operate.

- Argentina
- Australia
- Belgium
- Brazil

Canada
Chile
China
Colombia
Costa Rica
Czechia
Denmark
Finland
France
Germany
Greece
Guatemala
Hungary
India
Ireland
Italy
Japan
Luxembourg
Malaysia
Mexico
Netherlands
New Zealand
Norway
Peru
Philippines
Poland
Portugal
Republic of Korea
Russian Federation
Singapore
South Africa
Spain
Sweden
Switzerland
Taiwan, China
Thailand
Ukraine
United Arab Emirates
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
United States of America
Uruguay
Viet Nam

W0.4

(W0.4) Select the currency used for all financial information disclosed throughout your response.

USD

W0.5

(W0.5) Select the option that best describes the reporting boundary for companies, entities, or groups for which water impacts on your business are being reported.

Companies, entities or groups over which operational control is exercised

W0.6

(W0.6) Within this boundary, are there any geographies, facilities, water aspects, or other exclusions from your disclosure?

No

W0.7

(W0.7) Does your organization have an ISIN code or another unique identifier (e.g., Ticker, CUSIP, etc.)?

Indicate whether you are able to provide a unique identifier for your organization.	Provide your unique identifier
Yes, a Ticker symbol	SEE
Yes, an ISIN code	US81211K1007
Yes, a CUSIP number	81211K100

W1. Current state

W1.1

(W1.1) Rate the importance (current and future) of water quality and water quantity to the success of your business.

	Direct use importance rating	Indirect use importance rating	Please explain
Sufficient amounts of good quality freshwater available for use	Not important at all	Neutral	Our products do not contain water, so we have little to no direct use. The primary use of water in direct operations is either heat transfer in our manufacturing equipment or for quenching the molten polymer during the film extrusion process. These operations must use water of a reasonable

			<p>quality, but it does not need to be potable. As an example, in isolated cases where there was a temporary issue with the availability of potable water, we were able to successfully use recycled water from the local waste treatment plant. Since it is not critical that we use potable water in order to manufacture our products, we have determined that the availability of freshwater is not important to our direct operations.</p> <p>Indirect upstream dependency is similar that the primary use is for equipment and process cooling so non-potable or lesser quality water is adequate for continued operations. When considering downstream indirect use of our products, it would primarily be for cook tanks or shrink tunnels for packaging food. Although high quality water would be preferred, it is not required. As a result, we feel that indirect importance would be slightly higher to neutral.</p> <p>At this time, we do not anticipate future demands or water availability will change as to have a material impact on the company for either direct or indirect use. Although projection tools such as WRI Aqueduct indicate that a small minority of our facilities are in areas of water stress, the largest majority of our manufacturing locations will not be at an immediate and long-lasting risk. In the event that a particular site was to experience a short-term water security issue, SEE's broad manufacturing base, diverse product portfolio and mitigation strategies will minimize the potential impact to the company. Similarly, our broad supplier and customer base minimizes any risk associated with the need for good freshwater in indirect operations and we do not expect that dependency to change in the future.</p>
<p>Sufficient amounts of recycled, brackish and/or produced water available for use</p>	<p>Not very important</p>	<p>Neutral</p>	<p>As was previously mentioned, our products do not contain water, so we have little to no direct use. The primary use of water in direct operations is either heat transfer in our manufacturing equipment or for quenching the molten polymer during the film extrusion process and we have</p>

			<p>found that lesser quality is sufficient for continued operations provided that it is available in sufficient quantities.</p> <p>Likewise, indirect upstream dependency is similar to ours that the primary use is for equipment and process cooling so recycled or brackish water would allow for continued operations provided there was no interruption in its availability. When considering downstream indirect use of our products, it would primarily be for cook tanks or shrink tunnels for packaging food. Although high quality water would be preferred, it is not required. However, adequate amounts of water would be required although local issues would not have an overall impact on our business due to our large and diverse supplier and customer base.</p> <p>In the event that future conditions restrict the use or availability of freshwater, SEE is well positioned to shift from fresh to recycled or brackish water. However, we anticipate that our overall water intensity will continue to decrease in line with our previously stated goals. As a result, we expect that our future dependency on recycled water will also decrease.</p>
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W1.2

(W1.2) Across all your operations, what proportion of the following water aspects are regularly measured and monitored?

	% of sites/facilities/operations	Frequency of measurement	Method of measurement	Please explain
Water withdrawals – total volumes	76-99	Monthly	Water withdrawals are measured using standard metering equipment and reported on a monthly basis.	Total water withdrawal is one of SEE's key performance indicators and is used to track improvements in water efficiency. Almost all sites track this through municipal

				<p>monitoring. The one exception is a site that tracks withdrawals from a local stream using standard metering devices. Nearly all sites report these numbers on a monthly basis. However, there are a few satellite sites judged to be too small as to not have a material impact on our total water usage. Examples would be warehouse facilities or sales offices with a limited number of employees. All operational sites and our large corporate site report water withdrawals.</p>
Water withdrawals – volumes by source	100%	Monthly	All but one SEE site has a single source for water withdrawals (municipal) so any withdrawals can be attributed to that source.	As has been previously mentioned, the largest majority of SEE's water is sourced through municipal systems. One site uses a stream and a small number of sites capture rainfall for site irrigation.
Water withdrawals quality	76-99	Unknown	Water quality is indirectly monitored for those sites	Water quality is not critical for SEE operations and is predominantly

			using municipal supplies. The single site using a local water supply monitors water quality using standard equipment.	sourced through municipal means so this metric is not deemed to be critical to the point that it needs to be internally tracked at this time. However, it is indirectly monitored through our municipal water suppliers.
Water discharges – total volumes	1-25	Monthly	Select sites make use of standard metering equipment to monitor water discharge volumes.	Since SEE does not consume water in its process or materials, our water discharge essentially equal to our withdrawals. Any discharge SEE has is either to municipal systems or loss to evaporation. There are some sites that have metering equipment and may track their discharge although this is not a metric we monitor except in the event of an upset or unplanned event.
Water discharges – volumes by destination	100%	Continuously	All SEE sites discharge to municipal systems.	Although not all SEE locations report discharge volumes, all discharge to municipal systems.
Water discharges – volumes by	Not relevant			SEE does not treat its discharge prior to releasing it to the

treatment method				appropriate municipal system.
Water discharge quality – by standard effluent parameters	100%	Unknown	Water quality is indirectly monitored by the municipal systems we discharge to.	Since SEE's use of water is in closed loop systems and discharged to municipal systems, water discharge is not monitored by the individual sites. However, this is monitored indirectly by these municipalities.
Water discharge quality – emissions to water (nitrates, phosphates, pesticides, and/or other priority substances)	100%	Unknown	Water quality is indirectly monitored by the municipal systems we discharge to.	SEE sites produce packaging for food, ecommerce and medical applications. As such, materials both in our products as well as at our sites is strictly controlled. It is extremely unlikely that our use of water in closed systems and the restrictions of chemicals of concern would result in this being a concern that would need to be monitored. However, these are monitored through the municipal systems we discharge to.
Water discharge quality – temperature	Not relevant			The two main uses of water at SEE locations are for process and sanitation. Process

				<p>water is typically used in closed loop and cooling systems. This water is recirculated with evaporative loss make-up. Sanitary water is used and discharged through normal modes. As a result, water discharged to municipal systems is overwhelmingly from sanitation so water temperature is not monitored by the individual sites. However, this is monitored indirectly by these municipalities.</p>
Water consumption – total volume	Not relevant			<p>Since SEE does not consume water in its process or materials, our water discharge is essentially equal to our withdrawals if you consider both municipal discharge and evaporative losses to the local ecosystem.</p>
Water recycled/reused	76-99	Unknown	SEE does specifically track recycled water use at our locations.	<p>As was previously mentioned, SEE's water use is predominantly used in closed-loop systems. These systems recycle the water with the addition or make-up withdrawals for any discharge or loss</p>

				through evaporative cooling.
The provision of fully-functioning, safely managed WASH services to all workers	100%	Daily	All SEE facilities are required to have fully functioning WASH services.	SEE maintains adequate WASH services at all of our locations. Any issues are self-reported by employees and are immediately addressed. In the event of a disruption, the issue is also escalated for review by management.

W1.2b

(W1.2b) What are the total volumes of water withdrawn, discharged, and consumed across all your operations, how do they compare to the previous reporting year, and how are they forecasted to change?

	Volume (megaliters/year)	Comparison with previous reporting year	Primary reason for comparison with previous reporting year	Five-year forecast	Primary reason for forecast	Please explain
Total withdrawals	1,532	Lower	Increase/decrease in efficiency	Lower	Increase/decrease in efficiency	There is only one SEE site that makes water withdrawals from a local basin. All others make use of municipal water supplies with a small fraction making use of collected

						rainwater for site irrigation. Total consumption for SEE sites decreased compared to 2022 as a result of a number of efficiency improvements and projects as well as an expansion of sites re-using, recirculating water or making use of collected rainfall. It is expected that this trend will continue.
Total discharges	1,532	Lower	Increase/decrease in efficiency	Lower	Increase/decrease in efficiency	SEE products do not contain water nor is it consumed during the manufacturing process. There is only one site that makes withdrawals from anything other than a municipal

						<p>water source. Likewise, discharge is returned to that system or due to evaporative losses. Since SEE water consumption is essentially zero, any efficiency gains in use will be reflected in a similar decrease in total discharges.</p>
Total consumption	0	About the same	Maximum potential volume reduction already achieved	About the same	Maximum potential volume reduction already achieved	<p>As was previously mentioned, our products do not contain water nor is it consumed during our manufacturing process. The primary use of water in direct operations is either heat transfer in our manufacturing equipment or for quenching</p>

						the molten polymer during the film extrusion process. As a result, total consumption is essentially zero and we do not expect this to change in the next five years.
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W1.2d

(W1.2d) Indicate whether water is withdrawn from areas with water stress, provide the proportion, how it compares with the previous reporting year, and how it is forecasted to change.

	Withdrawals are from areas with water stress	% withdrawn from areas with water stress	Comparison with previous reporting year	Primary reason for comparison with previous reporting year	Five-year forecast	Primary reason for forecast	Identification tool	Please explain
Row 1	Yes	1-10	About the same	Investment in water-smart technology/process	Lower	Investment in water-smart technology/process	WRI Aqueduct	SEE makes use of WRI's Aqueduct mapping tool to evaluate our global water footprint and the impact it may have on our continued

								<p>operations . We map all of our manufacturing sites as well as our larger administrative sites on at least an annual basis. We then compare these results against individual site withdrawals to determine our water risk level. SEE also compares these results year-over-year to monitor any significant shifts in particular regions. This aids in our prioritization of water savings projects although it is not the deciding factor and</p>
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							<p>all sites are expected to reduce their overall water usage. Prioritization will likely result in improvement at select sites under higher stress but the long-term implications will likely remain fairly constant.</p> <p>Analysis of the most recent analysis shows that the percentage withdrawn from areas with water stress remained fairly constant below 6% while withdrawals from</p>
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								<p>basins facing a high baseline depletion are approximately 2%. Overall, SEE was able to reduce our overall water withdrawal approximately 4% in 2022 while increasing operations.</p> <p>Improvements in water intensity were a result of investing in water saving systems and processes with a focus on those sites with the most stress.</p>
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W1.2h

(W1.2h) Provide total water withdrawal data by source.

	Relevance	Volume (megaliters/year)	Comparison with previous reporting year	Primary reason for comparison with previous reporting year	Please explain
Fresh surface water, including rainwater, water from wetlands, rivers, and lakes	Relevant	11	Lower	Increase/decrease in efficiency	SEE has only one site making use of fresh surface water from a stream located on the site. This supplies all of the water for that location including process and sanitation. Process water is collected and re-used with make-up water coming from that same source. Sanitation water is discharged to the municipal system.
Brackish surface water/Seawater	Not relevant				SEE does not make withdrawals from brackish or sea sources.
Groundwater – renewable	Not relevant				SEE does not make withdrawals from non-renewable

					groundwater sources.
Groundwater – non-renewable	Not relevant				SEE does not make withdrawals from non-renewable groundwater sources.
Produced/Entrained water	Not relevant				SEE neither produces nor makes use of entrained water.
Third party sources	Relevant	1,521	Lower	Increase/decrease in efficiency	As was previously mentioned, our products do not contain water nor is it consumed during our manufacturing process. Regardless, efficiency improvements in our operations resulted in a 4% reduction in total water consumption.

W1.2i

(W1.2i) Provide total water discharge data by destination.

	Relevance	Volume (megaliters/year)	Comparison with previous reporting year	Primary reason for comparison with previous reporting year	Please explain
Fresh surface water	Not relevant				SEE does not discharge any

					water to fresh surface water ecosystems.
Brackish surface water/seawater	Not relevant				SEE does not discharge any water to brackish or seawater ecosystems.
Groundwater	Not relevant				SEE does not discharge any water to groundwater ecosystems.
Third-party destinations	Relevant	1,532	Lower	Increase/decrease in efficiency	All SEE sites discharge water to municipal wastewater systems or through losses from evaporative cooling. Water is not deliberately discharged to any local ecosystem. The reported total discharge includes any loss due to evaporation although it cannot be determined what that percentage would be.

W1.2k

(W1.2k) Provide details of your organization’s emissions of nitrates, phosphates, pesticides, and other priority substances to water in the reporting year.

Emissions to water in the reporting year (metric tonnes)	Category(ies) of substances included	Please explain
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Row 1			
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W1.3

(W1.3) Provide a figure for your organization’s total water withdrawal efficiency.

	Revenue	Total water withdrawal volume (megaliters)	Total water withdrawal efficiency	Anticipated forward trend
Row 1	5,641,900,000	1,532	3,682,702.34986945	At this time, we do not anticipate future demands or water availability will change as to have a material impact on the company. However, SEE has announced 2025 and 2030 goals to reduce water intensity by 17 and 28%, respectively. As a result, we anticipate that our water withdrawal efficiency to increase as to reflect our progress towards these goals.

W1.4

(W1.4) Do any of your products contain substances classified as hazardous by a regulatory authority?

	Products contain hazardous substances
Row 1	Yes

W1.4a

(W1.4a) What percentage of your company’s revenue is associated with products containing substances classified as hazardous by a regulatory authority?

Regulatory classification of hazardous substances	% of revenue associated with products containing substances in this list	Please explain
Other, please specify OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)	Less than 10%	A small portion of SEE's total portfolio is comprised of a two-part urethane adhesive that contains polyols and isocyanate. These are common materials used to manufacture polyurethane foams and are safe to work with when used properly and pose no risk once reacted to form the final product. SEE regularly

		reviews the listed standards both internally and with external consultants. SEE and its subsidiaries are committed to conducting our business activities in a manner that meets the highest legal and ethical standards. Consistent with this commitment, the Corporation maintains a Responsible Chemistry Policy and seeks to source components and materials from companies that share our values regarding respect for human rights, ethics and environmental responsibility.
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W1.5

(W1.5) Do you engage with your value chain on water-related issues?

	Engagement	Primary reason for no engagement	Please explain
Suppliers	No	Important but not an immediate business priority	SEE suppliers are typically large, international corporations who tend to have sustainability goals in-line with our own including water reduction efforts. Although water-related issues are important to SEE, our foreseeable efforts will most likely focus on reducing our own water consumption. At this time, our customers and suppliers are more focused on other environmental issues such as climate and greenhouse gas emissions.
Other value chain partners (e.g., customers)	Yes		

W1.5e

(W1.5e) Provide details of any water-related engagement activity with customers or other value chain partners.

Type of stakeholder

Customers

Type of engagement

Education / information sharing

Details of engagement

Educate and work with stakeholders on understanding and measuring exposure to water-related risks

Run an engagement campaign to educate stakeholders about the impacts on water that (using) your products, goods, and/or services entail
 Share information about your products and relevant certification schemes

Rationale for your engagement

SEE works with customers to help them reduce their use of water. We focus on both our direct (food processors or material goods manufacturers) as well as indirect customers (Food Service or other retail partners) and provide quantification of the energy, water, waste and GHG emissions resulting from the use of specific packaging for food or commercial products. These analyses can be a full LCA or a simple life cycle estimate based on customer provided data. Each analysis is time consuming, but valuable to show the financial and environmental benefits of SEE products, equipment and automation that reduce water use, emissions and waste while providing other resource optimization.

Impact of the engagement and measures of success

We consider these customers to be the most influential and helping them quantify and reduce their water use and to be more resource efficient is likely to influence others in their regions and industries. We have quantified the water savings when customers, using our optimized packaging, are able to reduce the amount of rework during production. This, in kind, prevents food waste or product damage reducing water used in product and processing replacement as well as in cleaning production lines in the case of food processors. Success for these activities is evaluated both qualitatively and quantitatively. Qualitative success is reflected in customer and consumer engagement as well as partnerships with common goals. Quantitative success is reflected in a number of metrics including increased sales, success at helping our customers meet their water reduction goals or reduction in water usage to name a few.

W2. Business impacts

W2.1

(W2.1) Has your organization experienced any detrimental water-related impacts?

No

W2.2

(W2.2) In the reporting year, was your organization subject to any fines, enforcement orders, and/or other penalties for water-related regulatory violations?

	Water-related regulatory violations	Fines, enforcement orders, and/or other penalties	Comment
Row 1	Yes	Fines, but none that are	SEE had a single, minor violation at our manufacturing site in Passirana, Italy. An investigation at the site discovered a

		considered as significant	blocked solenoid valve of the filter backwash circuit in the water discharge system. As a result, there was a slight increase in the concentration of pollutants discharged to the municipal system. A follow-up inspection and water analysis showed that the problem had been corrected.
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W2.2a

(W2.2a) Provide the total number and financial value of all water-related fines.

Row 1

Total number of fines

1

Total value of fines

4,000

% of total facilities/operations associated

0.91

Number of fines compared to previous reporting year

Higher

Comment

SEE had no violations or fines in 2021 so anything greater than zero would by definition be higher. Although this fine is relatively minor, SEE takes any violation very seriously and has a corporate goal of zero violations.

W3. Procedures

W3.1

(W3.1) Does your organization identify and classify potential water pollutants associated with its activities that could have a detrimental impact on water ecosystems or human health?

	Identification and classification of potential water pollutants	How potential water pollutants are identified and classified
Row 1	Yes, we identify and classify our potential water pollutants	SEE sites undergo an annual certification for operation which meets all local, state and federal laws within the country of operation. That process for both new and existing sites includes an evaluation of potential pollutants as well as adherence to discharge limits. In addition, SEE sites produce packaging for food, ecommerce and medical applications. As such, materials both in our products as well

		as at our sites is strictly controlled which limits the potential for contamination of wastewater. SEE also coordinates with municipalities to assure that we do not exceed any discharge limits.
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W3.1a

(W3.1a) Describe how your organization minimizes the adverse impacts of potential water pollutants on water ecosystems or human health associated with your activities.

Water pollutant category

Other synthetic organic compounds

Description of water pollutant and potential impacts

SEE makes use of select organic solvents in some of its maintenance operations or at those sites that print materials using standard solvent-based inks. Although these chemicals are in limited use, there is a slight potential that an uncontrolled spilled could result in a discharge to the storm water run-off. In theory, this could impact groundwater supplies or have an adverse effect on biological systems.

Value chain stage

Direct operations

Actions and procedures to minimize adverse impacts

Assessment of critical infrastructure and storage condition (leakages, spillages, pipe erosion etc.) and their resilience
 Resource recovery
 Industrial and chemical accidents prevention, preparedness, and response
 Reduction or phase out of hazardous substances

Please explain

Although SEE does make use of organic solvents in some of its maintenance and printing operations, this is done on a limited basis and restricted to areas that will not result in a discharge to any storm drains or escape the confines of the building. In addition, SEE policy requires the collection of all waste organic solvents or contaminated materials such as rags in order to be disposed of properly. SEE also has detailed spill response controls in place in the event of an uncontrolled release. Lastly, we regularly evaluate the use of organic solvents to identify safer alternatives. Adherence to these standards is judged against a target of zero infractions. Per company policy, any violation is immediately reported and a thorough investigation and corrective action conducted.

These activities and our long-standing policies minimize the risk of potential water pollutants either through source reduction, material recovery, proper disposal and immediate mitigation in the event of an uncontrolled spill. Success of these programs is judged against a standard of zero harm or violations.

W3.3

(W3.3) Does your organization undertake a water-related risk assessment?

Yes, water-related risks are assessed

W3.3a

(W3.3a) Select the options that best describe your procedures for identifying and assessing water-related risks.

Value chain stage

Direct operations

Coverage

Full

Risk assessment procedure

Water risks are assessed as part of other company-wide risk assessment system

Frequency of assessment

Annually

How far into the future are risks considered?

3 to 6 years

Type of tools and methods used

Tools on the market
Enterprise risk management

Tools and methods used

WRI Aqueduct

Contextual issues considered

Water availability at a basin/catchment level
Stakeholder conflicts concerning water resources at a basin/catchment level
Access to fully-functioning, safely managed WASH services for all employees

Stakeholders considered

Customers
Employees
Investors
Local communities
Water utilities at a local level

Comment

We perform an analysis of our water risk and potential areas of concern as part of our annual submission to CDP. This same information is used as part of our annual

enterprise risk analysis process. In the event there is a determination that certain locations are at risk, mitigation strategies are evaluated in order to address the issue. We also evaluate the overall impact to the company if any of these facilities were to experience a water related issue including severe droughts or natural disasters.

Value chain stage

Supply chain

Coverage

Full

Risk assessment procedure

Water risks are assessed as part of other company-wide risk assessment system

Frequency of assessment

Annually

How far into the future are risks considered?

1 to 3 years

Type of tools and methods used

Other

Tools and methods used

Internal company methods
Nation specific databases, tools, or standards
Scenario analysis

Contextual issues considered

Water availability at a basin/catchment level
Status of ecosystems and habitats

Stakeholders considered

Customers

Comment

SEE uses a variety of information sources including government agricultural services and reports to stay up to date on the health and likely production levels of meat and dairy production. These can be affected by a lack of water due to drought or by flooding and we must respond to the changing needs of our customers. We also use megatrend analysis to anticipate long-term changes to consumer preferences that may be a result of such events.

W3.3b

(W3.3b) Describe your organization's process for identifying, assessing, and responding to water-related risks within your direct operations and other stages of your value chain.

	Rationale for approach to risk assessment	Explanation of contextual issues considered	Explanation of stakeholders considered	Decision-making process for risk response
Row 1	<p>Using tools such as WRI Aqueduct, we evaluate the relative risk for all of our locations and at this time do not consider our manufacturing locations as well as our upstream and downstream value chain to be at an immediate and long-lasting risk. SEE uses tools such as WRI Aqueduct to identify our facilities that we were to experience may be located in areas if water stress. SEE also uses a variety of sources to further evaluate upstream and downstream value chain for impactful conditions such as water availability, food production, raw material sourcing and market trends. This approach of risk management is applied for both physical and transitional risks.</p> <p>If a prolonged water shortage or related negative event impacted our suppliers or customers, then there could be a</p>	<p>When evaluating these risks, contextual issues such as water availability, stakeholder conflicts concerning water resources, status of ecosystems and habitats, and employee's access to safely managed WASH services are all considered as to minimize the risk to company operations as well as our customers, employees, investors and the communities we serve. SEE recognizes that these issues could potentially have the largest impact on the environment, our operations, our employees and local communities. We closely monitor our water usage and availability. Based on these evaluations, SEE develops mitigation strategies and action plans.</p>	<p>SEE takes a broad approach with regards to which stakeholders are included in our evaluation of water-related issues. This includes employees, customers, investors as well as our local communities and utilities. These stakeholders have been chosen as a result of having both a social impact as well as financial. SEE is financially committed to both our investors and employees while consideration must be given for environmental and social issues such as quality of life and making the world better than we find it.</p>	<p>To optimize SEE's governance of key risks, executive leaders established the Enterprise Risk Management Steering Committee to provide oversight and guidance to management regarding the company's risk management strategies and activities. Fundamental to the ERM process is that management owns, actively evaluates, and proactively manages SEE's top risks. A facilitated approach is used to identify and prioritize risks which capture mitigation plans and effectiveness, risk exposure and trends. Reviews are conducted with senior management and the Board.</p> <p>Water-related risks are also assessed by the Global Sustainability Action Team during regularly scheduled meetings. Responsibilities include monitoring and reporting progress against corporate water intensity goals, maintaining current</p>

<p>material adverse effect on our consolidated financial condition or results of operations. As a result, the company has procedures to ensure business continuity as well as local, regional, and company-wide crisis management. As an example, SEE has established redundant sources for raw materials as well as production capabilities throughout the globe. SEE also established the Enterprise Risk Management Steering Committee to provide oversight and guidance to management regarding the company's risk management strategies and activities including water. Fundamental to the ERM process is that management owns, actively evaluates, and proactively manages SEE's top risks.</p>			<p>awareness of external leadership practices, market trends, and risks and opportunities. The Global Sustainability Action Team is cross-functional to facilitate involvement to incorporate appropriate climate-related risk mitigation into strategic business plans. This approach of risk management is applied for both physical and transitional risks. A facilitated process with management is undertaken to review existing and emerging risks to ultimately present a summary of water related risks to the ERM SC to be assessed by business process owners. Process owners then incorporate risk management philosophy, risk exposures, mitigating activities and key risk indicators into their assessments.</p>
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W4. Risks and opportunities

W4.1

(W4.1) Have you identified any inherent water-related risks with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?

No

W4.1a

(W4.1a) How does your organization define substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?

Water security is an element of SEE's risk management strategy as we attempt to identify substantive risk as early as possible. Once identified, SEE develops the appropriate mitigation strategy to minimize that risk as well as seize opportunities that will be beneficial to the overall health of the company. Ultimately the goal is to minimize risks that pose a threat to the success of the company as well capitalize on opportunities in order to create lasting value that fulfill customers and societal needs for sustainable solutions.

Definition of Substantive Risk and Opportunity

SEE evaluates substantive risk with respect to the achievement of our short, medium and long-term goals. We define those risks as events that can negatively impact those goals and conversely consider opportunities as those that would aid in exceeding them. Both risks and opportunities are evaluated on the economic impact and likelihood of occurrence so that SEE can appropriately prioritize a strategy to address these issues.

From a purely financial impact, substantive risks are quantified as having an impact greater than a specific amount of EBITDA (confidential) and a timeline that extends beyond 18 months either directly or through loss of business. Disruption of Operations is considered with a similar threshold and evaluated for the potential risk. Since it is more challenging to assign a threshold value to Environmental; Health and Safety; and Social Impact and Reputation, each is evaluated on a case-by-case basis using our best evaluation of the potential impact to the long-term health of the company. In all cases the risk is weighed against the likelihood of occurrence in order to properly prioritize actions to be taken by SEE.

Measurement and Thresholds of Risk

While all risks and opportunities are evaluated in the normal course of doing business, SEE considers the following indicators when evaluating substantive risk:

1. **Financial** such as foreign currency exchange; global, regional and local economic conditions, government restrictions, liquidity and availability of credit, changes in laws and regulations
2. **Disruption of Operations** as a result of natural disasters, interruption of raw materials supply, raw material pricing, energy related costs, trade policies, import/export restrictions, political instability
3. **Environmental** such as product registration laws, disruptive forces of nature such as significant regional droughts, prolonged severe weather conditions, floods, natural disasters, large-scale animal health issues, pandemics, regulations related to greenhouse gas emissions and climate change
4. **Health and Safety issues** related to hazards associated with the manufacture, handling, storing, transporting and use of the products we sell
5. **Social Impact or Reputation** of the company as a result of a shift in consumer demands and preferences or product liability claims

As an example of a substantive impact that was addressed, SEE has two paper producing locations that are more dependent on access to water in their operations than the majority of our sites. One of these locations (Modena, PA) uses natural surface water and the other (Reading, PA) uses municipal water as their primary source. Although neither site is located in an area of risk, contingency plans were implemented such as a redundant storage and supply of water for Modena and the establishment of two wells at the Reading facility to supplement the municipal supply and act as a back-up in the event of a disruption in the municipal water supply.

W4.2b

(W4.2b) Why does your organization not consider itself exposed to water risks in its direct operations with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact?

	Primary reason	Please explain
Row 1	Risks exist, but no substantive impact anticipated	<p>Although a very small percentage of SEE manufacturing locations can be considered to be in a high-risk area according to WRI's Aqueduct tool, the nature of our business, locations of our primary manufacturing sites and mitigation strategies make it unlikely that they will have a material impact on our ability for continued operations or financial delivery. Mitigation strategies include water related risk analysis for both physical and transitional risks. These potential risks have influenced SEE's strategy planning and execution for the near and long-term horizon. At this time, physical risk planning is more focused on the 1-5 year time frame due to the likelihood of localized, acute issues. Transitional risk is evaluated on a longer scale of 1-15 years due to the potential areas and severity of impact to our business. SEE is a global company with operations in 46 countries delivering a large variety of packaging solutions. Using tools such as WRI Aqueduct, we can evaluate the relative risk for these sites and at this time, we do not consider the largest majority of our manufacturing locations to be at an immediate or long-lasting risk.</p> <p>In the event that a particular site was to experience a short-term water security issue, SEE's broad manufacturing base and diverse product portfolio will minimize the potential impact to the company. In addition, we have developed mitigation strategies that further reduce our exposure. All SEE locations have ongoing initiatives to reduce water usage on a year over year basis as well as contingency plans in the event of an impactful event. Recent examples include reusing osmosis rejection water in our secondary processes resulting in a savings of approximately 3 million liters per year and collecting rainwater for site irrigation. As a result, we do not anticipate our potential water risk to have a substantive financial or strategic impact.</p>

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W4.2c

(W4.2c) Why does your organization not consider itself exposed to water risks in its value chain (beyond direct operations) with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact?

	Primary reason	Please explain
Row 1	Risks exist, but no substantive impact anticipated	<p>SEE uses petrochemical-based raw materials and others to manufacture many of our products. These products are used to protect the quality, shelf life and safety of food, such as poultry and fresh red meat, as well as protecting products, such as automobile parts and electronics from damage during shipment. However, our manufacturing process and value chain are not critically dependent on the availability of water.</p> <p>Regardless, water availability and its impact on our value chain are part of our ERM planning process. Analysis and recommendations are presented to global teams or brought to the annual review process. These are also reviewed at regional and global business review meetings held monthly. The company also has procedures to ensure business continuity as well as local, regional, and company-wide crisis management.</p> <p>Strategies such as multi-sourcing of raw materials on a global basis, a broad portfolio of products, redundant operational capabilities across the globe, increased focus on the use of reclaimed water and annual goals and incentives to reduce our dependency on water all help to mitigate our exposure to risks in our value chain. At this time, physical risk planning is more focused on the 1-5 year time frame due to the likelihood of localized, acute issues. Transitional risk is evaluated on a longer scale of 1-15 years due to the potential areas and severity of impact to our business. In both cases, we have developed strategies that will allow SEE to assure continued operations in the event of an acute or chronic issue.</p> <p>As an example, a chronic physical condition such as a drought can negatively impact cattle producers and processors of meat. Drought conditions change animal production volumes and patterns of import and export thus changing demand for specific types of protein packaging. SEE's global production capabilities, broad portfolio of products and redundant operational capabilities help mitigate the impact of these local or regional conditions by allowing us to shift the supplied materials and the location of manufacture to efficiently supply customers outside of the impacted area which would then be able to fulfill demand with exported or alternative proteins.</p>

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W4.3

(W4.3) Have you identified any water-related opportunities with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?

Yes, we have identified opportunities, and some/all are being realized

W4.3a

(W4.3a) Provide details of opportunities currently being realized that could have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business.

Type of opportunity

Products and services

Primary water-related opportunity

Increased sales of existing products/services

Company-specific description & strategy to realize opportunity

We consider water related opportunities to be strategic for the company because it presents an increased opportunity for SEE to provide customers with products that help meet their sustainability goals. Customers are increasingly aware of their own water security risk impacting their ability to raise, process and package animal protein. As a result, protection from damage or loss through effective and efficient packaging is critical. We provide packaging solutions designed to help food processing customers reduce their use of resources while extending the shelf life of food and the security/safety of shipments which benefit retailers and consumers. We also provide protective packaging that prevents product damage during shipment while minimizing shipping volume and weight.

In order to take advantage of this opportunity, we incorporate life cycle thinking, looking beyond the product to consider the entire value chain including the benefits of shelf-life extension and packaging robust enough to withstand the rigors of export or packaging that is optimized for the growing e-commerce market. We conduct Sustainability Value Analysis for our customers so they can see how our products reduce their environmental footprint. We then partner with them to identify the solutions that best meet their needs.

Two examples of this approach are vacuum barrier bag packaging known as TBG which is designed to protect meat with bones within the package and is able to protect protein through the extensive export supply chain and Instapak® which can protect even large electronics during transportation. By offering such products, we can both provide optimal packaging that fulfills their need as well as lower their environmental impact

either through reducing food loss or product damage.

Estimated timeframe for realization

1 to 3 years

Magnitude of potential financial impact

Medium

Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?

Yes, a single figure estimate

Potential financial impact figure (currency)

23,000,000

Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)

Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)

Explanation of financial impact

Particularly in developed countries, we expect a competitive advantage to support the price of our products when we can quantify the climate-related emissions benefits due to use of our packaging which is valued for shelf-life extension or protection during export. For example, in 2022 approximately 7% or about \$233 million of our \$3.3 billion in net sales in the Food Division came from bags used to package fresh protein. If our net sales in this sector were to increase 10% due to demand in areas of drought, we would realize an increase of approximately \$ 23 million in net trade sales. In addition, products that are considered to be low water demand or can help our customers attain their water usage goals will be seen as having value and likely warrant either a price premium or increased sales.

Type of opportunity

Products and services

Primary water-related opportunity

New R&D opportunities

Company-specific description & strategy to realize opportunity

SEE dedicates a significant amount of financial and human capital resources to Research and Development. The products we develop are value adding and designed to best protect our customer's products while also providing an improvement in sustainability over their current solutions. As a result, SEE has been able to take advantage of these opportunities with increased sales. As our customers feel the need to respond to the environmental pressures of their customers, it increases our opportunities to develop new materials, equipment and processes that provide even better solutions.

Our strategy is to develop and offer solutions to our customers and to quantify those benefits related to their goals. We consider the entire value chain including shelf-life extension and packaging robust enough to withstand the rigors of export or optimized for e-commerce. Our sustainability professionals work with subject matter experts and customers to collect cost and benefit data and to help explain the benefits to existing and new customers. Our strategy is to use data-based analysis to demonstrate how SEE solutions reduce water dependency throughout the supply chain. As water stress increases, the costs of limited resources to produce food and consumer/industrial products also increases and customers naturally place higher value on protecting those products from food waste or product damage through the entire supply chain.

As an example, the fresh seafood industry has a very high rate of waste (35-40%). There are a number of different packaging options for this market but one that is very common uses a semi-rigid tray with a thin, vacuum skin top layer. Examples of this would be whole salmon filets that are typical to warehouse stores. Historically, the semi-rigid portion of this packaging would be made from PVC or PET. Through research and development, SEE was able to develop a semi-rigid material that had the same physical and protective characteristics of the current offerings but replaced a large percentage of the petroleum-based polymer with one made from renewable resources (corn). In addition, we were able to also replace the remaining petroleum-based portion of this package with recycled polymer. As a result, the final product has a reduced demand on natural resources while still offering food preservation further reducing the environmental impact.

Estimated timeframe for realization

1 to 3 years

Magnitude of potential financial impact

Medium

Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?

Yes, a single figure estimate

Potential financial impact figure (currency)

33,000,000

Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)

Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)

Explanation of financial impact

SEE had revenues of \$5.6 billion in 2022. Of that, sales from food related goods and services were approximately \$3.3 while product protection accounted for an additional \$2.3B. Due to the nature of the business and products, food related business is more

likely to be impacted by water issues. As an example, it takes approximately 1850 gallons of water to produce one pound of beef. If by designing packaging materials and systems that reduced food waste that ultimately reduced the demand for water and realized an increase in sales of 1%, SEE could potentially net a \$33 million increase in sales.

W6. Governance

W6.1

(W6.1) Does your organization have a water policy?

Yes, we have a documented water policy that is publicly available

W6.1a

(W6.1a) Select the options that best describe the scope and content of your water policy.

	Scope	Content	Please explain
Row 1	Company-wide	Description of business dependency on water Description of business impact on water Commitment to prevent, minimize, and control pollution Commitment to reduce water withdrawal and/or consumption volumes in direct operations Commitment to safely managed Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) in the workplace Reference to company water-related targets	<p>SEE is managing water across our value chain in terms of quantity and quality, including operational consumption, effluent mitigation, wastewater treatment, and water scarcity considerations. Protecting and conserving natural resources such as water is a priority. The products SEE manufactures do not contain water, so direct use of water is limited. The primary use of water in direct operations is either heat transfer in manufacturing equipment or for quenching the molten polymer during the film extrusion process. These operations must use water of a reasonable quality, but it does not need to be potable.</p> <p>Our water policy applies to the entire company and all locations. Although water is not a component in any of the materials we produce, SEE recognizes the impact water stress or scarcity can have on our customers, our business and the communities in which we work and live. As such, we have committed to reduce our water intensity by 17% by 2025 and 28% by 2030. These goals were shared publicly as was our progress to achieve them. Although we do not publicly address a commitment to WASH, it is consistent with our code of conduct to provide a healthy work environment and support our local communities and all locations are required to meet this standard.</p>

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W6.2

(W6.2) Is there board level oversight of water-related issues within your organization?

Yes

W6.2a

(W6.2a) Identify the position(s) (do not include any names) of the individual(s) on the board with responsibility for water-related issues.

Position of individual or committee	Responsibilities for water-related issues
Chief Executive Officer (CEO)	The Chief Executive Officer (CEO), who is also a director, is responsible, together with the entire board of directors, for oversight of risk-related issues, including water-related ones. The CEO leads business continuity, crisis management and enterprise risk management program oversight programs which all include water and climate-related issues. Risks and opportunities, including those related to water use, are drivers of strategic plans which are reviewed and approved by the CEO. In October of 2018 the CEO reviewed risks and opportunities with the board of directors and proposed that the company make a commitment that by 2025 all products would contain an average of 50% recycled content, thus reducing our water intensity. This commitment was adopted, and it has driven subsequent innovation investments. In addition, goals have been established to further reduce our water intensity through 2025. More recently, the CEO has established a new goal at the end of 2020 to reduce our operational water intensity 17% by 2025.

W6.2b

(W6.2b) Provide further details on the board's oversight of water-related issues.

	Frequency that water-related issues are a scheduled agenda item	Governance mechanisms into which water-related issues are integrated	Please explain
Row 1	Scheduled - all meetings	Monitoring implementation and performance Overseeing acquisitions,	Sustainability was discussed at regularly scheduled Board meetings in 2022. Management reported to the board of directors on sustainability matters including sustainability goals, reduction of GHG emissions and water dependency, sustainability

		<p>mergers, and divestitures</p> <p>Overseeing major capital expenditures</p> <p>Providing employee incentives</p> <p>Reviewing and guiding annual budgets</p> <p>Reviewing and guiding business plans</p> <p>Reviewing and guiding corporate responsibility strategy</p> <p>Reviewing and guiding major plans of action</p> <p>Reviewing and guiding risk management policies</p> <p>Reviewing and guiding strategy</p> <p>Reviewing innovation/R&D priorities</p> <p>Setting performance objectives</p>	<p>plans/accomplishments and product benefits. The board of directors reviews progress to these goals including strategy and plans of action. SEE is dedicating innovation, research and development resources to design or advance packaging materials to be recyclable or reusable and contain more recycled and or renewable content and has announced a goal to reach net-zero carbon emissions within our operations by 2040. The Company will continue to reduce Scope 1 and 2 carbon emissions through investments in renewable energy and by increasing efficiencies across its operations. Additionally, the company will focus on reducing water use, energy use, and waste in our operations and throughout the supply chain while innovating, manufacturing and delivering high-performance packaging solutions.</p> <p>In 2014, we launched an ambitious plan to achieve a set of 2020 Sustainability Goals within our own internal operations, most of which have been met or exceeded. We sought to embed sustainability into the fabric of our operational excellence by reducing greenhouse gas emissions, energy and water intensity of our operations and by diverting product and process waste from landfills. We hold our suppliers to the same high standards we have for our own operations. More recently, these goals have been expanded for continued reductions through 2025 and beyond.</p> <p>The board of directors is highly engaged in assessing sustainability opportunities, as well as formulating SEE's sustainability goals and strategy and regularly receives updates on sustainability performance, innovations and challenges.</p> <p>Recognizing the importance of these matters, the board of directors in late 2020 designated the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee as having responsibility to oversee our sustainability strategies and other matters concerning environmental, social, governance and public policy issues affecting SEE.</p>
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W6.2d

(W6.2d) Does your organization have at least one board member with competence on water-related issues?

	Board member(s) have competence on water-related issues	Criteria used to assess competence of board member(s) on water-related issues
Row 1	Yes	<p>Sustainability is a regular agenda item at Board meetings including review of progress made towards achieving climate related goals. These meetings also include presentations by the Vice President of Sustainability Innovation & Strategy and the Executive Director of Sustainability Strategy. These sessions help promote engagement of Board members as well as developing a better understanding of climate-related impact on SEE's strategy. We recognize that it is crucial for board members to be well positioned to exercise informed oversight so that they can make thoughtful decisions on climate related matters. Board members are expected to challenge and hold management accountable for a sound climate-related strategy.</p> <p>In addition, when the Board or its Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee has identified the need to add a new director with specific qualifications or to fill a vacancy on the Board, the chair of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will initiate a search to identify candidates who meet the Company's "Qualifications for Nomination to the Board." Such search may include seeking input from other directors and senior management, reviewing any candidates that the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee has previously identified, and, if necessary, hiring an external search firm. There are a number of criteria used to evaluate candidates including experience or expertise in environmental and sustainability matters.</p> <p>During 2022, two new directors joined the SEE Board both having experience and expertise addressing environmental and sustainability issues. Including these new directors, a majority of the Board members are judged to be highly qualified while all are competent in climate-related issues.</p>

W6.3

(W6.3) Provide the highest management-level position(s) or committee(s) with responsibility for water-related issues (do not include the names of individuals).

Name of the position(s) and/or committee(s)

Other C-Suite Officer, please specify
Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer

Water-related responsibilities of this position

Assessing water-related risks and opportunities
Managing water-related risks and opportunities
Monitoring progress against water-related corporate targets

Frequency of reporting to the board on water-related issues

More frequently than quarterly

Please explain

The SVP and Chief Operating Officer reports to the CEO and Board and has responsibility for climate and water related issues as he leads continued progress of best-in-class safety results, improved manufacturing quality, supply chain contributions to EBITDA, further deployment of a lean culture, and management of cost reduction throughout the organization with annual operations goals related to water-related reductions at all operating locations. The SVP would include progress made towards achieving our water reduction goals as well as trends or concerns that may have a material impact on company performance. SEE has a company-wide competition to reduce operational environmental impact called the Keys to Success which is one example of the incentives overseen by this SVP that have resulted in achievement of SEE's GHG, energy and water intensity reduction goals. Financial results and climate related GHG emissions, water, energy and waste results are monitored monthly.

Name of the position(s) and/or committee(s)

Other C-Suite Officer, please specify
Senior Vice President and Chief Growth and Strategy Officer

Water-related responsibilities of this position

Assessing future trends in water demand
Assessing water-related risks and opportunities
Managing major capital and/or operational expenditures related to low water impact products or services (including R&D)
Managing water-related acquisitions, mergers, and divestitures

Frequency of reporting to the board on water-related issues

More frequently than quarterly

Please explain

The Senior Vice President and Chief Growth and Strategy Officer reports to the President/CEO and has responsibility for climate-related issues because he leads the company's sustainability strategy to enable global growth including regions affected by climate-change and those experiencing increased demands for packaging products, processes and equipment designed to reduce product waste and thus water

dependency. He is also responsible for embedding ESG and sustainability into the strategic planning process including new ventures, strategic investment to promote circularity and business development. Climate-related benefits and waste reduction solutions are part of the company strategy with a focus on energy, waste, GHG emissions, water, labor and financial benefits. A large portion of the sustainability organization reports directly to him and strategy and progress are reviewed in the normal course of doing business.

Name of the position(s) and/or committee(s)

Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

Water-related responsibilities of this position

Assessing future trends in water demand
Assessing water-related risks and opportunities
Managing water-related risks and opportunities
Setting water-related corporate targets
Monitoring progress against water-related corporate targets
Managing public policy engagement that may impact water security
Managing value chain engagement on water-related issues
Integrating water-related issues into business strategy
Managing annual budgets relating to water security
Managing water-related acquisitions, mergers, and divestitures

Frequency of reporting to the board on water-related issues

Quarterly

Please explain

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO), who is also a director, is responsible, together with the entire board of directors, for oversight of risk-related issues, including water-related issues. The CEO sets strategy, major plans of action, response to analysis of risk and opportunities related to water security, annual budgets, business plans and communicates the corporate vision of making the world better than we found it to all stakeholders. Under his leadership it is clear that sustainability is in everything SEE does and drives commercial programs to enable global growth including in regions affected by extreme weather and drought. He drives innovation of new products which are designed to reduce product damage and food waste and thus efficient water use. Since joining SEE, he has strengthened the innovation organization to focus on use of materials circularity and resource efficiency through technology, products and services.

W6.4

(W6.4) Do you provide incentives to C-suite employees or board members for the management of water-related issues?

	Provide incentives for management of water-related issues	Comment
Row 1	Yes	In deciding base salary levels, target incentive awards, and annual incentive award payouts, the Compensation and Organization Committee considered the collective performance of the executive leadership team with respect to certain key strategic and operational goals, including SEE's sustainability and environmental, social and governance priorities. Certain members of management also have goals directly tied to achieving climate-related goals. Local teams and/or individual achievements are rewarded to reduce water intensity in order to deliver on overall climate-related targets. Much of the work is driven by the Supply Chain Sustainability Action Team which focuses on achieving location specific annual goals. Goals related to increasing the use of recycled raw materials in our products are incorporated into individual objectives that drive bonuses for employees.

W6.4a

(W6.4a) What incentives are provided to C-suite employees or board members for the management of water-related issues (do not include the names of individuals)?

	Role(s) entitled to incentive	Performance indicator	Contribution of incentives to the achievement of your organization's water commitments	Please explain
Monetary reward	Other C-suite Officer Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer	Reduction of water withdrawals – direct operations Reduction in water consumption volumes – direct operations Improvements in water efficiency – direct operations Reduction of water pollution incidents	SEE is managing water across our value chain in terms of quantity and quality, including operational consumption, effluent mitigation, wastewater treatment, and water scarcity considerations. Protecting and conserving natural resources such as water is a priority. The products SEE manufactures do not contain water, so direct use of water is limited. The primary use of water in direct operations is either heat transfer in manufacturing equipment or for quenching the molten polymer during the film extrusion process. These operations must use water of a reasonable	The timeframe for these performance indicators is on-target performance for annual milestones as well as achievement of target goals for 2025 and 2030. Performance is judged against those targets.

		Reduction or phase-out of hazardous substances Increased access to workplace WASH – supply chain	quality, but it does not need to be potable. Our water policy applies to the entire company and all locations. Although water is not a component in any of the materials we produce, SEE recognizes the impact water stress or scarcity can have on our customers, our business and the communities in which we work and live. As such, we have committed to reduce our water intensity by 17% by 2025 and 28% by 2030. These goals were shared publicly as is our progress to achieve them.	
Non-monetary reward	No one is entitled to these incentives			

W6.5

(W6.5) Do you engage in activities that could either directly or indirectly influence public policy on water through any of the following?

- Yes, direct engagement with policy makers
- Yes, trade associations

W6.5a

(W6.5a) What processes do you have in place to ensure that all of your direct and indirect activities seeking to influence policy are consistent with your water policy/water commitments?

SEE is a member of a number of trade organizations that focus on demonstrating how packaging can bring sustainability benefits to reduce overall environmental impact through the protection and preservation of products. Membership can involve direct participation, funding of activities or participation in developing and influencing legislation. We directly engage with select policy makers on the state and federal level although we do not directly lobby officials. Through this interaction we hope to educate legislators as to influence them to make sound, science-based policies to support efforts to reduce our environmental impact.

Water dependency is dictated by our corporate sustainability goals that include a 17% reduction in water intensity over 2019 by 2025 and 28% by 2030. These goals, as well as our trade organization memberships, are reviewed on a regular basis to assure alignment between strategy, operations, geographical location and trade organization policies. This review process assures consistency, sharing of best practices and corrective action in the event of a misalignment or change in objectives. We also have a number of employees actively work with these organizations from individual team members and contributors to Director level membership. This assures us a voice in policy alignment and direction. In the event there is an inconsistency between policy and our commitments, we work directly with the trade organizations to reconcile the issue.

W6.6

(W6.6) Did your organization include information about its response to water-related risks in its most recent mainstream financial report?

No, but we plan to do so in the next two years

W7. Business strategy

W7.1

(W7.1) Are water-related issues integrated into any aspects of your long-term strategic business plan, and if so how?

	Are water-related issues integrated?	Long-term time horizon (years)	Please explain
Long-term business objectives	Yes, water-related issues are integrated	5-10	<p>Significant risks and opportunities are included in the strategic planning process. Physical risk planning is focused on the 1-5 year time frame. Transitional risk is evaluated on a longer scale of 5-10 years due to the potential areas and severity of impact to our business.</p> <p>Business continuity and supply chain resilience in the event of acute or chronic changes, including those related to water are included. SEE considers risks associated with drought conditions, uncertain economic conditions, vendor supply disruptions and availability of energy, water and waste infrastructure as well as customer demand for products offering resource efficiency. Water risks would be identified through critical review of resources such as water supply, flow, discharge, and regulatory compliance. In the event issues were identified that would have a material impact</p>

			<p>on our business, plans would be implemented to address potential issues such as water usage, availability, access and impact on the business. SEE makes use of the WRI Aqueduct tool to identify regions of water stress or scarcity.</p> <p>SEE also considers water risk and the impact it may have on our customer as part of our business strategy for market demands and direction. Our current and future products are designed to better protect our customers products while having a reduced environmental impact. As environmental conditions change, our strategy is to offer materials that mitigate or take advantage of those potential changes.</p>
Strategy for achieving long-term objectives	Yes, water-related issues are integrated	5-10	<p>SEE includes mega trend, trend and scenario analysis as part of the innovation process as well as the process of evaluating markets and opportunities typically considering a 5-15 year horizon.. We use the outcomes from these analyses to develop customer insights and to identify unmet needs in order to generate new solutions. The resulting outcomes are considered in company strategies, new products and services and evaluation of new and existing sales channels. The company then evaluates strategies to address possibilities and the likely external barriers. SEE has considered risks associated with drought conditions, uncertain economic conditions, vendor supply disruptions and availability of energy, water and waste infrastructure as well as customer demand for products offering resource efficiency. Water risks such as supply, flow, discharge, and regulatory compliance would be identified through this process. In the event issues were identified that would have a material impact on our strategy or require a fundamental change, plans would be implemented to address these.</p>
Financial planning	Yes, water-related issues are integrated	5-10	<p>While water-related issues are not considered to be a material risk to SEE, water is still important to most site operations and are reflected in our 2025 and 2030 water reduction goals. As such, water risks such as supply, flow, discharge, and regulatory compliance are regularly evaluated at both the location and corporate levels. SEE makes use of the WRI Aqueduct tool to identify regions of water stress or scarcity. The most recent evaluation of our largest manufacturing locations</p>

			and customers found that there was not a material risk that would require additional financial planning beyond the current process and scheduled financial investment. However, SEE has well-established water reduction goals which will be funded through our financial planning process. In the event of a sudden change or issue, SEE is also well positioned to address this on a case-by-case basis as can be seen in our ability to address localized water stress experienced at a manufacturing site in Iowa Park, TX.
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W7.2

(W7.2) What is the trend in your organization’s water-related capital expenditure (CAPEX) and operating expenditure (OPEX) for the reporting year, and the anticipated trend for the next reporting year?

Row 1

Water-related CAPEX (+/- % change)

0

Anticipated forward trend for CAPEX (+/- % change)

0

Water-related OPEX (+/- % change)

0

Anticipated forward trend for OPEX (+/- % change)

0

Please explain

SEE does not have a separate line item solely for water-related CAPEX and OPEX although it would be part of our regular strategic planning and budgetary process. Significant risks and opportunities are included in both processes and include consideration for acute or chronic water scarcity and drought conditions. At this time there is not a considerable risk to access water to maintain operational efficiency. As such, we do not anticipate significant changes to our water related OPEX and CAPEX per capita in the next twelve months. However, SEE will fully support and fund initiatives required to achieve operational intensity reductions to meet our 2025 and 2030 goals. This approach of maintaining a steady investment for the next 12 months would be supported by our success of achieving our 2025 water reduction goals two years ahead of schedule and on target to exceed our 2030 goal.

W7.3

(W7.3) Does your organization use scenario analysis to inform its business strategy?

	Use of scenario analysis	Comment
Row 1	Yes	<p>Scenario analysis is used at SEE and includes water security scenarios developed as part of our ERM process. Various groups, including those focused on innovation and on industry intelligence as well as those participating in strategic planning continue to evaluate the long-term impact. Examples of focal questions considered:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Transitional change having a material impact on our ability to produce goods and services 2. Acute climate events having a material impact on facilities, information systems or logistics 3. Transitional climate change impact on the demand for our products 4. Increased regulation having a material impact on our operations 5. Acute climate events having an impact on the availability of raw materials 6. Customer demand increases for materials and services with a reduced environmental impact 7. Shifting population and urbanization increasing the need for global markets 8. Reputational impact from consumers regarding SEE environmental impact

W7.3a

(W7.3a) Provide details of the scenario analysis, what water-related outcomes were identified, and how they have influenced your organization’s business strategy.

	Type of scenario analysis used	Parameters, assumptions, analytical choices	Description of possible water-related outcomes	Influence on business strategy
Row 1	Water-related	Water security is an element of SEE’s risk management strategy as we attempt to identify substantive risk for both our supply chain and direct operations using a variety of qualitative and quantitative tools including internal and external tools such as WRI Aqueduct. Risks and opportunities are evaluated on the economic impact and likelihood of occurrence so that SEE can	<p>Numerous outcomes are considered when developing a strategy to address water issues including:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Water scarcity having a material impact on our ability to produce goods and services (low impact, 	SEE also considers water risk and the impact it may have as part of our business strategy for both short and long-term impact. Our current and future products are designed to better protect our customers products while having a reduced environmental impact. As environmental conditions change, our strategy is to offer materials that mitigate or take advantage of those potential

		<p>appropriately prioritize a strategy to address these issues. Significant risks and opportunities are included in the strategic planning process, which is typically a 3-year plan. Business continuity and supply chain resilience in the event of acute or chronic changes, including those related to water security, are included. In the short term (1-3 years), SEE has considered risks associated with water availability, drought, uncertain economic conditions, vendor supply disruptions and availability of energy, water and waste infrastructure as well as customer demand for products offering resource efficiency. In the medium term (3-5 years), the risks and opportunities considered in the short term are included as well as those related to making necessary capital investments to ensure business continuity and resiliency under unpredictable demands related to customer needs, climate-related and legislative events. In the long term (<5 years), with a time horizon of 2025-2030, SEE has established a new set of goals to improve resource efficiency in the face of increasing population, urbanization and a growing middle class.</p>	<p>unlikely to occur) 2. Water scarcity has impact on demand for our products due to lower availability of animal feedstocks (high impact, possible but unlikely) 3. Increased regulation has a material impact on our business strategy through water restrictions or increased fees (low impact, unlikely to occur). 4. Water scarcity has an impact on the availability of raw materials (high impact, unlikely to occur). 5. Customer demand increases for materials and services with a decreased water demand (high impact, likely to occur). 6. Shifting population and urbanization increasing the need for global markets and exporting of products (high impact, likely to occur). 7. Location of operation facilities and consideration</p>	<p>changes. Our global supply chain and manufacturing base allows us to minimize the risk to a disruption of goods and services due to local or regional issues. SEE has committed to reduce its water intensity by 17% (2025) and 28% (2030) to further minimize this risk. We deliberately offer a broad portfolio of products to minimize the impact to shifts in market demand or the availability of animal feedstock. As a leader in the packaging industry, we are committed to delivering essential solutions that minimize food waste, maximize food safety and protect valuable goods shipped around the world, thus reducing water usage. Lastly, SEE monitors operations by location and evaluates the need to relocate leased facilities to areas with a lower likelihood of experiencing severe water stress.</p>
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			for leased versus owned properties (medium impact, possible but unlikely).	
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W7.4

(W7.4) Does your company use an internal price on water?

Row 1

Does your company use an internal price on water?

No, and we do not anticipate doing so within the next two years

Please explain

Regardless of the availability of water at our various locations, each SEE location is expected to contribute to our water reduction goals of 17 and 28% by 2025 and 2030, respectively. SEE has already achieved our 2025 goal and is on target to achieve our target for 2030. As a result of this work and the availability of water at the majority of our locations, we do not anticipate the need to use an internal price on water in the next two years.

W7.5

(W7.5) Do you classify any of your current products and/or services as low water impact?

	Products and/or services classified as low water impact	Definition used to classify low water impact	Please explain
Row 1	Yes	<p>There are a number of criteria SEE considers when determining a product or services impact. Thresholds are evaluated whether they have a material impact on water demand or offer an improvement over alternatives or previously offered solutions. SEE considers the impact across the entire value chain.</p> <p>Production: 1. Whether a material is produced having a minimal or</p>	<p>Our packaging solutions reduce the use of resources while extending shelf life of food and protecting security/safety of shipments. Our strategy is to develop and offer solutions to our customers and to quantify those benefits related to their goals. We consider the entire value chain including shelf-life extension and packaging robust enough to withstand the rigors of export or optimized for e-commerce. Our strategy is to use data-based analysis to demonstrate how SEE solutions reduce water dependency</p>

	<p>improved water demand (quantity and intensity). 2. Produced at a location of low stress (quantity). 3. Produced using recycled or brown water as to have a lower impact (quality).</p> <p>Use of Products: 1. Materials that preserve food or protect products as to minimize damage or waste and minimize water use (quantity and intensity). 2. Materials that require less water for customer processing (quantity and intensity). 3. Design of materials and processing equipment as to minimize the need for water use to operate (quantity and intensity).</p>	<p>throughout the supply chain. As water stress increases, the costs of limited resources to produce food and consumer/industrial products also increases and customers naturally place higher value on protecting those products from food waste or product damage through the entire supply chain.</p>
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W8. Targets

W8.1

(W8.1) Do you have any water-related targets?

Yes

W8.1a

(W8.1a) Indicate whether you have targets relating to water pollution, water withdrawals, WASH, or other water-related categories.

	Target set in this category	Please explain
Water pollution	No, and we do not plan to within the next two years	While SEE makes use of water in its production process, it is primarily used in closed-loop systems for cooling or to quench molten polymer to manufacture food packaging. Discharge from all of our facilities is processed in municipal systems prior to discharge to the environment. Historically, there have not been issues with water pollution from our sites and any minor upsets have been within normal operating ranges for treatment. Although SEE does not have a publicly stated target, our internal goal is to have zero violations related to water discharge.

Water withdrawals	Yes	
Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (WASH) services	Yes	
Other	No, and we do not plan to within the next two years	All except one SEE facility makes use of municipal water supplies and waste treatment. Since its primary use is in closed-loop systems, there have not been issues with water pollution from our sites and any minor upsets have been within normal operating ranges for treatment. As a result, SEE will focus on reducing our overall water usage over the foreseeable future and continue to work with our municipal partners for monitoring our discharge.

W8.1b

(W8.1b) Provide details of your water-related targets and the progress made.

Target reference number

Target 1

Category of target

Water withdrawals

Target coverage

Company-wide (direct operations only)

Quantitative metric

Reduction in withdrawals per revenue

Year target was set

2021

Base year

2019

Base year figure

0.34

Target year

2025

Target year figure

0.28

Reporting year figure

0.27

% of target achieved relative to base year

116.6666666667

Target status in reporting year

Achieved

Please explain

Through a number of water reducing efforts, SEE was able to reduce its absolute water usage by over 65 million liters while increasing sales by approximately \$108 million. This equates to a water intensity of 0.27. A 17% reduction target over 2019 would be an intensity of .28. As a result, SEE has achieved its 2025 goal and is on target to achieve its 2030 goal of reducing its water intensity over 2019 by 28%.

Target reference number

Target 2

Category of target

Water withdrawals

Target coverage

Company-wide (direct operations only)

Quantitative metric

Reduction in withdrawals per revenue

Year target was set

2021

Base year

2019

Base year figure

0.34

Target year

2030

Target year figure

0.25

Reporting year figure

0.27

% of target achieved relative to base year

77.7777777778

Target status in reporting year

Underway

Please explain

SEE has an additional 2030 goal to reduce water intensity by 28% over the same 2019 baseline. This equates to an intensity target of 0.245 by 2030 which we are on track to achieve.

Target reference number

Target 3

Category of target

Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) services

Target coverage

Company-wide (direct operations only)

Quantitative metric

Other, please specify
100% Compliance for all SEE locations

Year target was set

2021

Base year

2022

Base year figure

100

Target year

2022

Target year figure

100

Reporting year figure

100

% of target achieved relative to base year

Target status in reporting year

Achieved

Please explain

SEE has a goal and expectation that all sites will meet the standards as outlined in WASH including access to sufficient potable water, hygiene and sanitation facilities.

W9. Verification

W9.1

(W9.1) Do you verify any other water information reported in your CDP disclosure (not already covered by W5.1a)?

Yes

 2022SealedAirWaterVerificationStatement61423V4.docx

W9.1a

(W9.1a) Which data points within your CDP disclosure have been verified, and which standards were used?

Disclosure module	Data verified	Verification standard	Please explain
W8 Targets	Absolute water use and progress towards 17% reduction in water intensity compared to a 2019 baseline.	Other, please specify Parallel to ISO14064-3	<p>ALL4 was employed by SEE to provide third-party verification for water use and water reporting for Inventory Year 2022 for submittals in 2023. ALL4's staff are qualified and experienced in performing both "Reasonable" and "Limited" assurance engagements and have familiarity and expertise in Water and GHG programs, reporting platforms, and protocols including CDP, WRI/WBCSD GHG Protocol, and ISO 14064-3 Specification with Guidance for the Validation and Verification of Greenhouse Gas Assertions standard.</p> <p>SEE has incorporated their global water data tracking into their Global Sustainability Metrics Inventory. While there are no protocols for water use reporting, the World Resources Institute and World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WRI/WBCSD) Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Protocol is the most widely used and accepted international accounting tool for government and business leaders to understand, quantify, and manage GHG emissions. SEE has adapted this protocol and applied the same methodology to tracking and reporting to account for the water use and consumption by their global operations.</p> <p>The lead verifier and project manager for this</p>

			engagement is Anna Richardson, P.E. Ms. Richardson is a Professional Engineer with experience in industrial environmental management and consulting. The senior-level reviewer for this engagement is Daryl Whitt. Mr. Whitt has developed water balances and inventories for individual facilities, multi-national corporations, and product life cycles for a variety of industries. He has performed and led numerous water and wastewater audits during his career. He is experienced in performing and leading GHG verifications, based on the ISO 14064-3 standard, and is familiar with other verification protocols.
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W10. Plastics

W10.1

(W10.1) Have you mapped where in your value chain plastics are used and/or produced?

	Plastics mapping	Value chain stage	Please explain
Row 1	Yes	Direct operations Supply chain	SEE has a broad portfolio of products that includes a significant percentage comprised of packaging materials made using plastics. As such, understanding the value chain for these materials is a critical part of our business. These polymers are sourced and used across the globe at SEE's 97 manufacturing sites and sold in commerce across 120 countries and territories through a diversified distribution network.

W10.2

(W10.2) Across your value chain, have you assessed the potential environmental and human health impacts of your use and/or production of plastics?

	Impact assessment	Value chain stage	Please explain
Row 1	Yes	Direct operations Supply chain	Sustainability is embedded in SEE's purpose and vision. We design high-performance packaging materials with recyclability in mind, to make sustainability more affordable, and to create a pathway for a circular economy which enhances sustainability by improving efficiency, eliminating waste, simplifying processes, and creating a safer working environment .

		Product use phase	Environmental, health and safety impacts of our materials are embedded in our activities from the raw materials we choose, how and where we produce our products, how they are used and their eventual end of life. SEE strives to have a positive impact on the environment including our participation in Operation Clean Sweep and evaluating our materials with cradle-to-grave lifecycle analysis. SEE products prevent food waste and product damage as well as reducing our clients demand for water.
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W10.3

(W10.3) Across your value chain, are you exposed to plastics-related risks with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business? If so, provide details.

	Risk exposure	Value chain stage	Type of risk	Please explain
Row 1	Yes	Direct operations Supply chain	Regulatory Reputational Other, please specify Availability of Raw Materials	A significant portion of SEE's portfolio is comprised of packaging made using plastic materials. Although there may technically be a risk associated with the availability of select plastics, only in extreme circumstances do we feel it would have a substantive financial or strategic impact on our business. In that event, SEE's global supply chain and redundant suppliers should minimize this impact.

W10.4

(W10.4) Do you have plastics-related targets, and if so what type?

	Targets in place	Target type	Target metric	Please explain
Row 1	Yes	Plastic goods Waste management	Increase the proportion of post-consumer recycled content in plastic goods Increase the proportion of renewable content from responsibly managed sources in plastic goods	SEE has a number of sustainability goals that apply across our entire portfolio which includes plastic and non-plastic products. Quantitatively, SEE has committed to have 50% recycled or renewable content in our packaging materials by 2025. We have also committed to design or advance 100% of our packaging materials to be recyclable or reusable by 2025. SEE is also spearheading a number of projects to advance, accelerate and implement recycling technologies and infrastructure.

			<p>Increase the proportion of our goods that are recyclable in practice and at scale</p> <p>Increase the proportion of recyclable plastic waste that is collected, sorted, and recycled in the community</p>	
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W10.5

(W10.5) Indicate whether your organization engages in the following activities.

	Activity applies	Comment
Production of plastic polymers	No	
Production of durable plastic components	No	
Production / commercialization of durable plastic goods (including mixed materials)	No	
Production / commercialization of plastic packaging	Yes	A portion of SEE's portfolio is comprised of plastic packaging.
Production of goods packaged in plastics	No	
Provision / commercialization of services or goods that use plastic packaging (e.g., retail and food services)	No	

W10.8

(W10.8) Provide the total weight of plastic packaging sold and/or used, and indicate the raw material content.

	Total weight of plastic packaging sold / used during the reporting year	Raw material content percentages available to report	% virgin fossil-based content	% virgin renewable content	% post-industrial recycled content	% post-consumer recycled content	Please explain

	(Metric tonnes)						
Plastic packaging sold	356,450	% virgin fossil-based content % virgin renewable content % post-industrial recycled content % post-consumer recycled content	89	0.1	9.6	1.3	SEE has established a goal of averaging 50% recycle or renewable content in our materials with a target date of 2025. This includes both PCR and PIR. In practice, recycle content from industrial sources has been more readily available although supplies for recycled resin approved for food packaging is still limited at this time. As a result, SEE is working with a number of different partners to develop these markets and infrastructure.

W10.8a

(W10.8a) Indicate the circularity potential of the plastic packaging you sold and/or used.

	Percentages available to report for	% of plastic packaging that is technically recyclable	Please explain

	circularity potential		
Plastic packaging sold	% technically recyclable	49	<p>SEE has a number of sustainability goals across our entire portfolio which includes plastic and non-plastic products. Quantitatively, SEE has committed to design or advance 100% of our packaging materials to be recyclable or reusable by 2025. We typically refer to materials that are technically recyclable as being recycle ready.</p> <p>SEE internally tests its products in alignment with published APR/PRE physical testing guidelines to assess compatibility with recycling streams for the indicated predominant resin. In addition, we invest heavily in designing our products to be recyclable as well as developing programs and technologies to increase recyclability and recycle rates. This would include both mechanical as well as chemical recycling.</p>

W11. Sign off

W-FI

(W-FI) Use this field to provide any additional information or context that you feel is relevant to your organization's response. Please note that this field is optional and is not scored.

W11.1

(W11.1) Provide details for the person that has signed off (approved) your CDP water response.

	Job title	Corresponding job category
Row 1	Senior Vice President and Chief Growth and Strategy Officer	Other C-Suite Officer

SW. Supply chain module

SW0.1

(SW0.1) What is your organization's annual revenue for the reporting period?

	Annual revenue

Row 1	5,641,900,000
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SW1.1

(SW1.1) Could any of your facilities reported in W5.1 have an impact on a requesting CDP supply chain member?

No facilities were reported in W5.1

SW1.2

(SW1.2) Are you able to provide geolocation data for your facilities?

	Are you able to provide geolocation data for your facilities?	Comment
Row 1	No, this is confidential data	

SW2.1

(SW2.1) Please propose any mutually beneficial water-related projects you could collaborate on with specific CDP supply chain members.

SW2.2

(SW2.2) Have any water projects been implemented due to CDP supply chain member engagement?

No

SW3.1

(SW3.1) Provide any available water intensity values for your organization's products or services.

Submit your response

In which language are you submitting your response?

English

Please confirm how your response should be handled by CDP

	I understand that my response will be shared with all requesting stakeholders	Response permission
Please select your submission options	Yes	Public

Please indicate your consent for CDP to share contact details with the Pacific Institute to support content for its Water Action Hub website.

Yes, CDP may share our Main User contact details with the Pacific Institute

Please confirm below

I have read and accept the applicable Terms